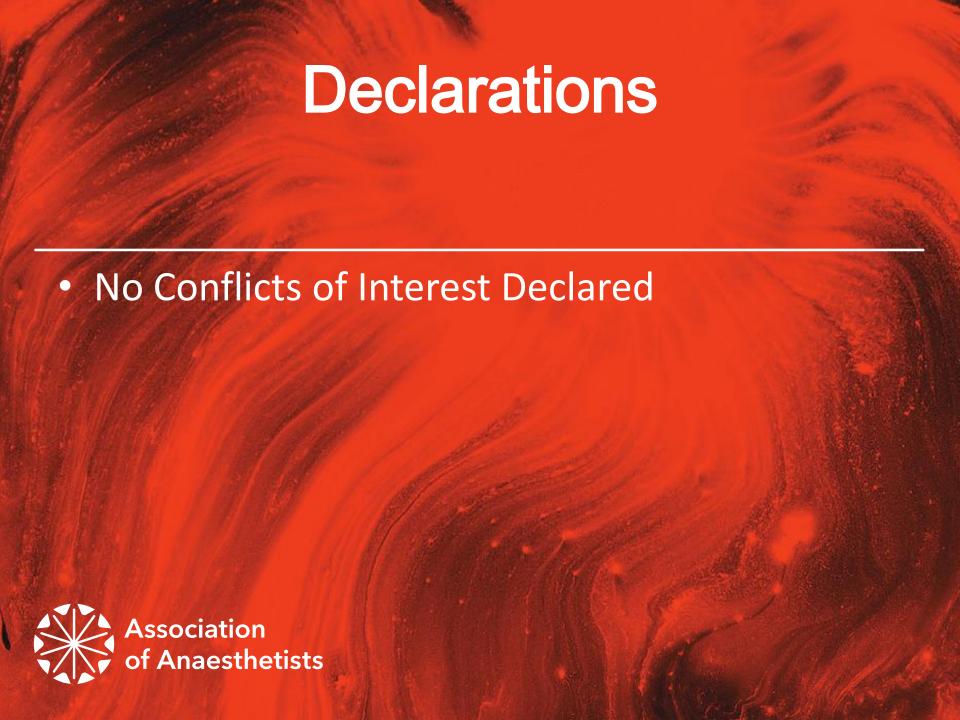
# Mechanical Thrombectomy: A Neuroanaesthetist's Perspective

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**CORE TOPICS** 

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# Objectives

- Understanding of anaesthetic care given to stroke patients undergoing thrombectomy
- Relevance to referring centres
- Understanding of challenges of setting up a new service in a remote site



# 2010 – 2015 an evolving modality

- Supported by NICE IPG guidance 2013
- Evidence not robust enough
- Cl or unsuitable for thrombolysis









#### Standards for providing safe acute ischaemic stroke thrombectomy services

- MDT approach: Consultant Stroke Physician, Neurointerventionist and anaesthetist
- Appropriate team availability and staff skill mix
- Remote site
- Airway management and Haemodynamics



# What's anaesthesia got to do with it?

70 GA vs 278 LA/Sedation Better functional outcome in Non GA group OR 2.1 (95% CI 1.02 - 4.31)





### NICE Guidance: IPG 548 Feb 2016

- Appropriate facilities and Neurosciences support
- As soon as possible after onset of stroke symptoms
- Most literature within 8 hours of symptom onset



## **Anaesthetic Care at QEHB**

- Stroke Team: ED. Register plus baseline bloods
- Transfer to Angio suite
- Re-assessment by Stroke team
- GA or Local +/- Sedation
- Post procedure CT
- Post-op recovery then HASU

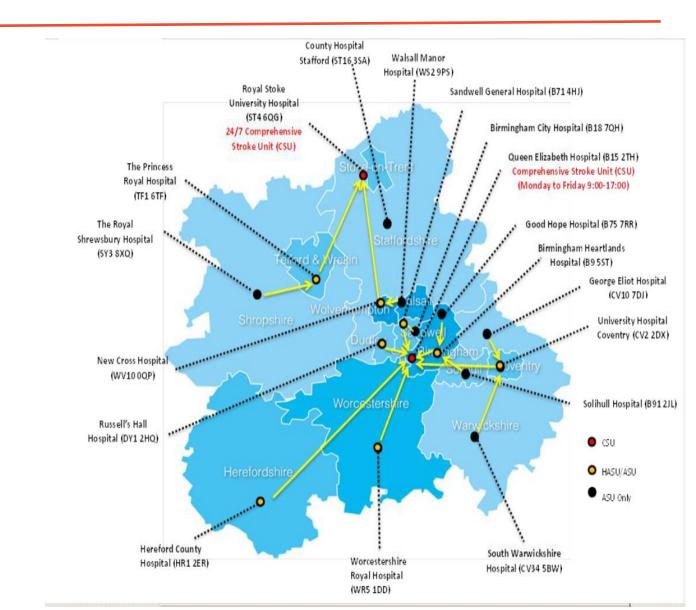


### Anaesthesia for Thrombectomy

Thrombectomy accepted by Stroke team/Neuroradiology team Yes Angio 5 Neuroanaesthetist available? Proceed Yes IR Anaesthetist Available? Proceed No Call Theatre Co-ordinator (12851)/Bleep 2552 Co-ordinate with All Emergency theatres working Consultant **Anaesthetists** from 17/18/23

Contact Anaesthetic Admin team: 12777
Team will identify appropriate Consultant to attend ASAP

# Regional referrals





# So what's your role?

- Symptom onset?
- Imaging
- Safe transfer
- Pre-assessment



## Case Study 1

- 78 year old female
- Arrived 5 hrs post symptom onset + thrombolysis
- Gradually inc HR noted in transfer
- GA
- Struggle with haemodynamics
- Hb 54 on ABG
- Fractured NOF diagnosed coming off table...



## Safe Transfer

- What if they need a GA?
- 3 RCTs that show no difference between LA/Sedation and GA
  - SIESTA: single centre 150 patients: NIHSS at 24 hours and MRS at 3/12 and mortality
  - AnStroke: single centre 90 patients: Neurological outcome at 3/12 + infarct size
  - GOLIATH: single centre 128 patients: infarct size and clinical outcome



#### Association of General Anesthesia vs Procedural Sedation With Functional Outcome Among Patients With Acute Ischemic Stroke Undergoing Thrombectomy: A Systematic Review and Metaanalysis.

Schönenberger S<sup>1</sup>, Hendén PL<sup>2</sup>, Simonsen CZ<sup>3</sup>, Uhlmann L<sup>4</sup>, Klose C<sup>4</sup>, Pfaff JAR<sup>5</sup>, Yoo AJ<sup>6</sup>, Sørensen LH<sup>7</sup>, Ringleb PA<sup>1</sup>, Wick W<sup>1,8</sup>, Kieser M<sup>4</sup>, Möhlenbruch MA<sup>5</sup>, Rasmussen M<sup>9</sup>, Rentzos A<sup>10</sup>, Bösel J<sup>11</sup>.

- Use of protocol based general anaesthesia significantly associated with less disability at 3 months
- But single centre trials
- Disability primary outcome in only 1 trial
- Multi-centre trials needed....



## Multi-centre RCTs to come...

- AMETIS trial: 270 patients: MRS 0-2 by 90 days, perioperative complications by day 7
- GASS Trial: 350 patients: MRS at 3 months.



## Haemodynamics

- Original guideline joint college guideline
- SBP within 10% baseline: IV fluids/vasopressors
- SBP 140 180 if thrombolysed.
- Retrospective analyses:
  - 390 patients. Difference in Admission MAP and lowest procedural MAP
  - Infarct growth (p = 0.036)
  - Infarct volume p = 0.035)
  - 371 patients: linear relationship between duration of hypotension & functional outcome

# Transfer: Transport

999 Call by Doctor/Nurse "ringing on behalf of the patient"? Is the Patient Conscious and Breathing? YES Are you a registered Doctor or Nurse? **YFS** Is this an immediate interhospital transfer request? **YFS** Is the transfer because of an immediate clinical need or a management issue? YES, IMMEDIATE CLINICAL NEED

Is there an immediate threat to life?

YES

**Emergency Stroke Intervention** 

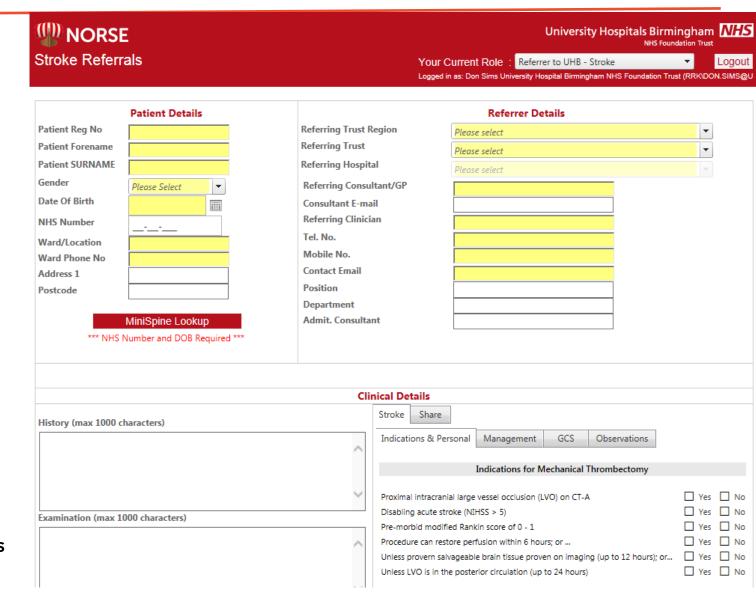


Symptoms start within the last 5 hours?

YES

CATEGORY 2 AMBULANCE RESPONSE (18 Minute Target)

## **Pre-Assessment**









Free Access

Review

Endovascular Stroke Management: Key Elements of Success

Manning N.W.a, b · Chapot R.c · Meyers P.M.a

#### Key elements:

- Patient Selection
- Time
- Reperfusion



### New Service in a Remote Site

- Did not rush into it
- Started with an ad hoc service 9 5
  - Impact on Neurosurgery out of hours
  - Approx 50 cases per year
- Comprehensive business case
  - 400 cases over 5 year period
- Established Angio suite with Anaesthetic presence

Guidelines for the Provision of Anaesthesia Services in the Non-theatre Environment 2019









# **Thrombectomy Steering Group**

- Senior Management
- MDT Clinicians
  - Stroke Medicine
  - Neuroradiology
  - Anaesthesia
  - Allied Health
- Risk Register
- Recruitment plans
- Working towards implementation date



## Challenges

- Recruitment
- Rota patterns
- Non-clinical factors
- External expectations



## Case Study 2

- 62 year old collapse in hospital
- RSI in ED. CT head basilar artery thrombus
- 2 cases for Thrombectomy in our ED
- Arrives in angio 4 at 3 hours.
- Clot out within 15 minutes
- 2<sup>nd</sup> case started Local/sedation in Angio 1
- Post CT + transfer to ITU
- 2<sup>nd</sup> case completed and transferred to HASU
- Patient extubated and GCS 14 that evening



